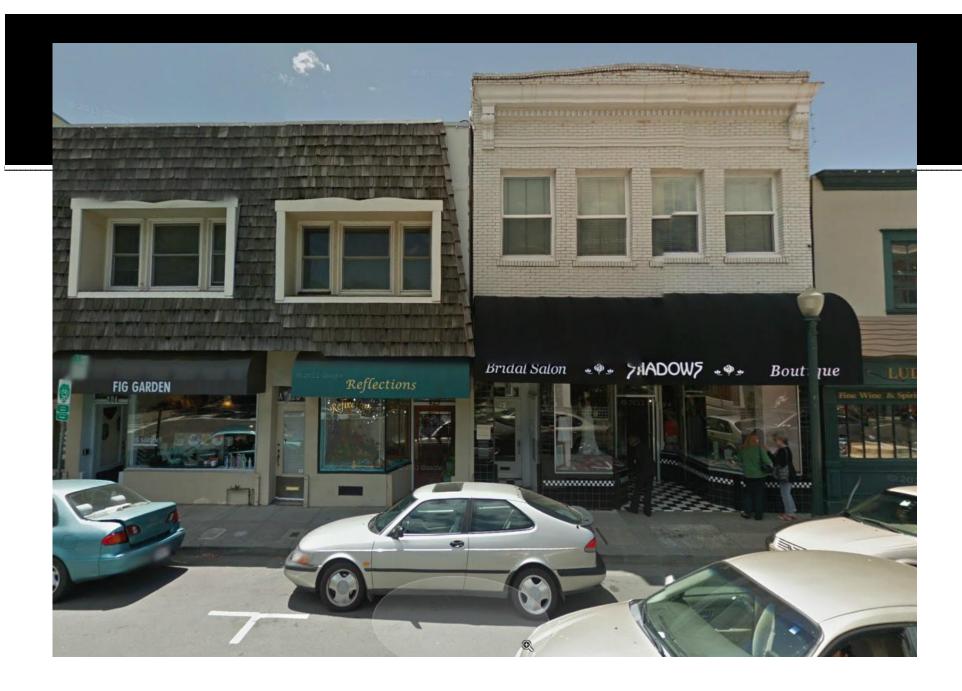


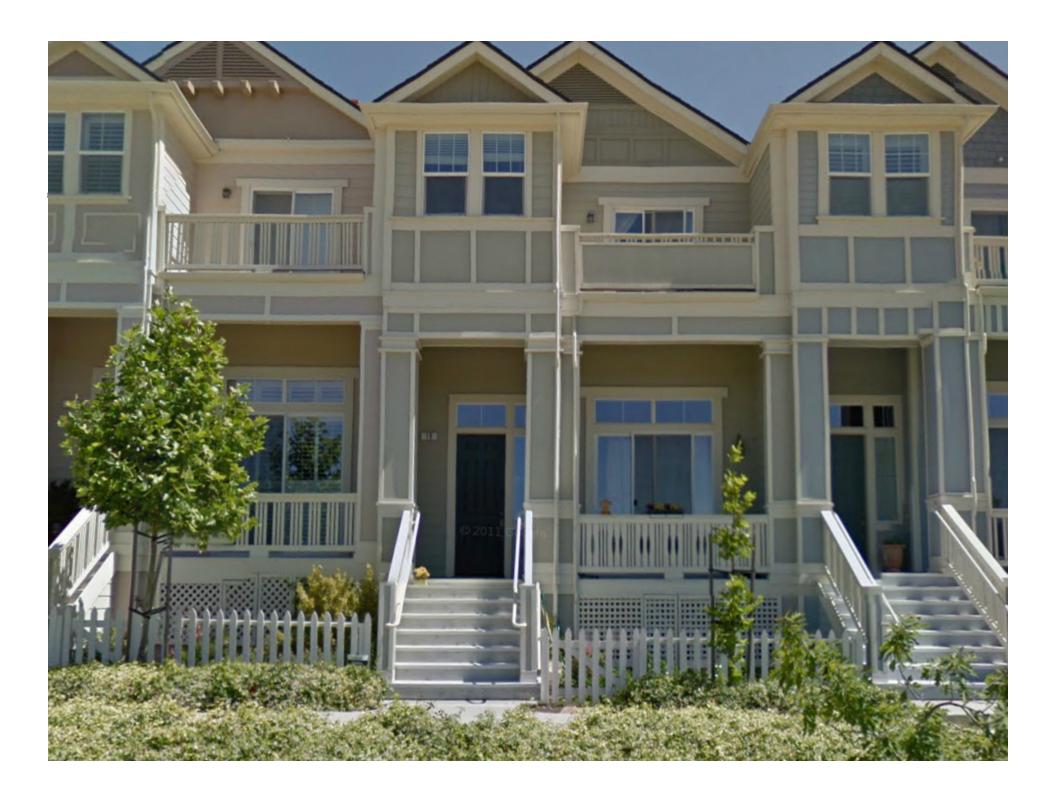
Some background

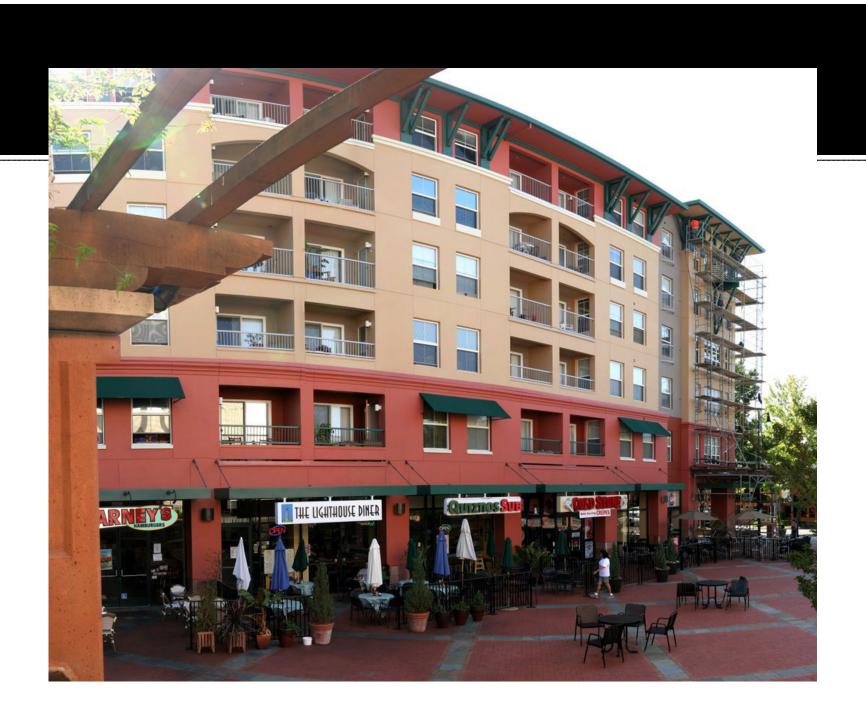
- Born and raised in a single-family detached home on Forbes in San Anselmo
- Grade-school bike rider
- Interest in human habitat sparked by a social studies project at White Hill MS
- Started a blog about Marin in 2011 because
 Marin has done so much better than its peers
- Been writing almost every week ever since





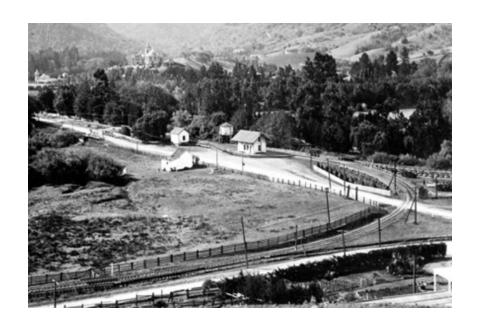


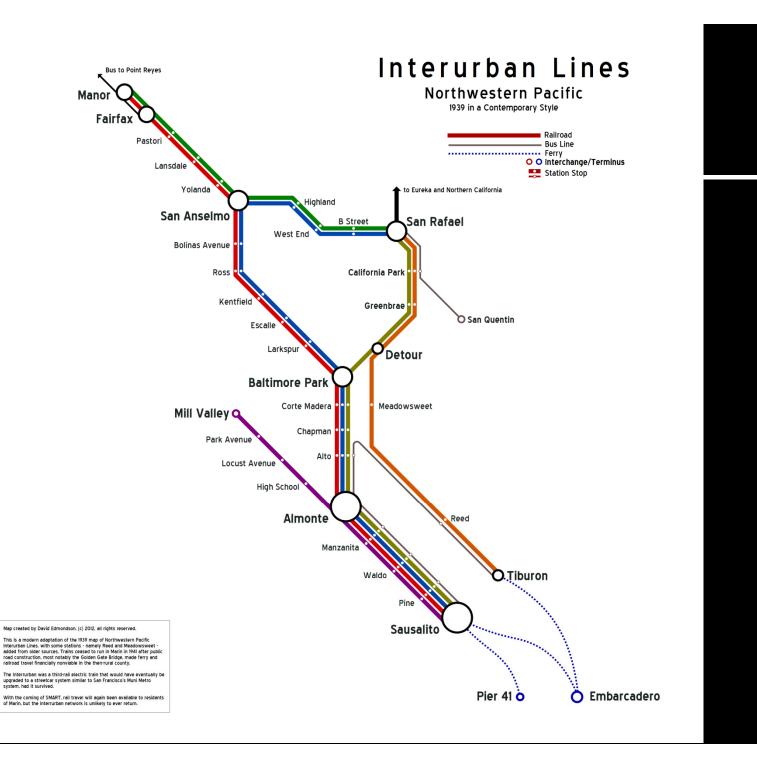




Marin's Transit-Oriented Roots

- Built around the Northwestern Pacific Railroad
- The railroad allowed daytrippers to come and settle
- A one-hour trip to San Francisco – same as now

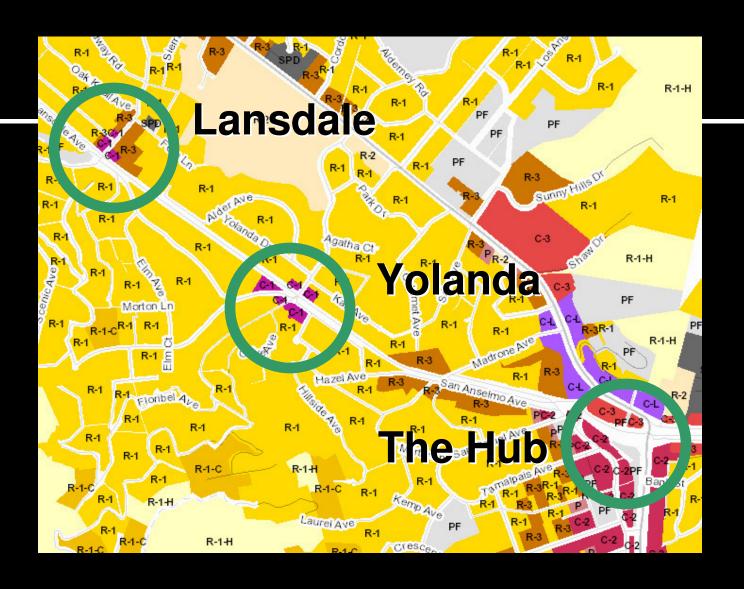




The NWP Interurban

- Peak ridership: 5.4 million trips per year.
- GGT Bus: 6 million trips per year
- Ran every 30 minutes on most lines
- Hit every corner of Central and Southern Marin





Lansdale Station's old-school TOD



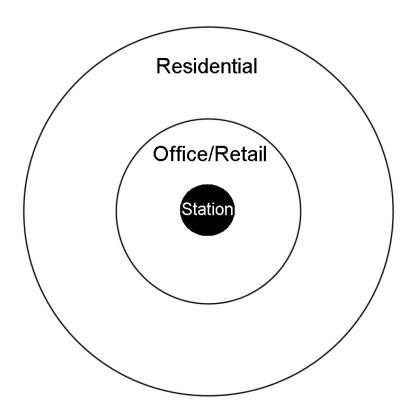
Mill Valley Depot (and Bookstore)

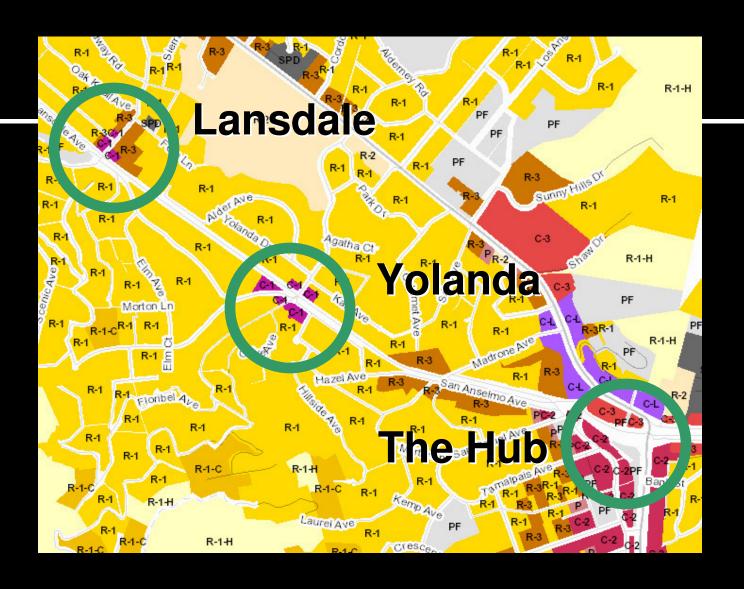




Marin shows the best practices for a transitoriented town layout

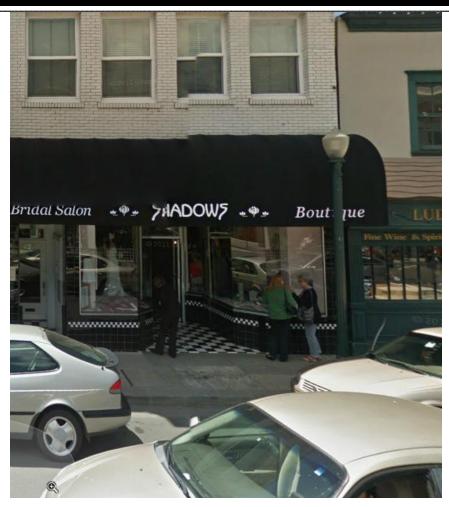
- Concentric rings: station, commerce, residences
- This is built so people could walk from the station to businesses for errands before heading home





...and the best practices for building design

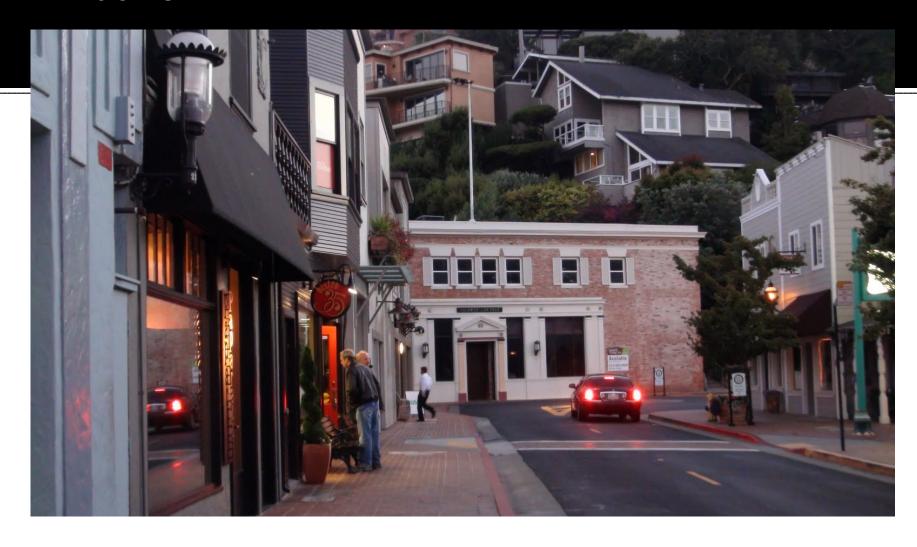
- Entrance is close to the sidewalk
- Narrow entrance, deep store
- Buildings accent narrow, slow commercial streets: Bridgeway, Miller, Fourth, Grant, etc.



Multiple buildings from multiple eras form a single wall along the street



Tiburon



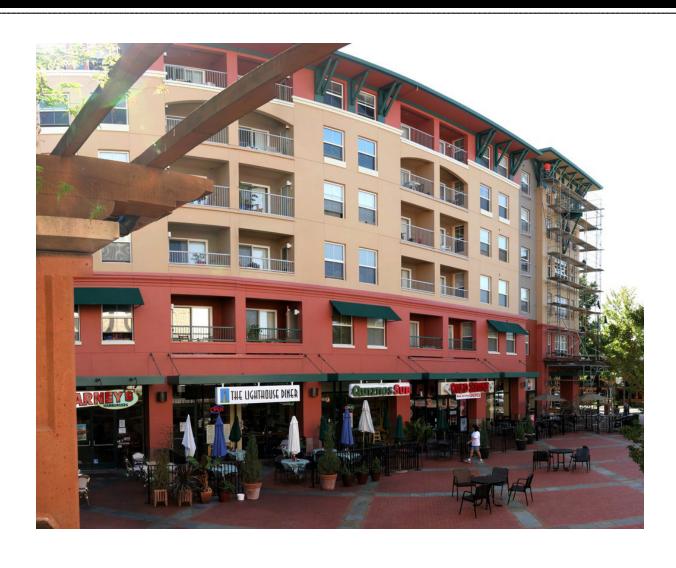
Larkspur



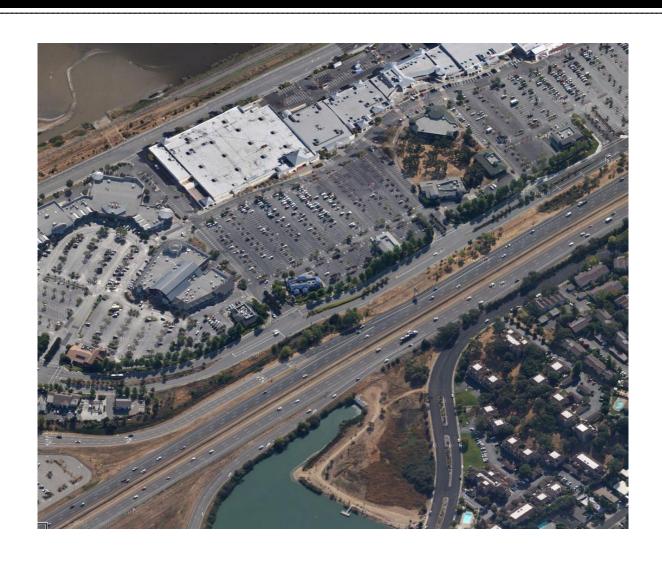
Inverness



New traditional development: Rafael Town Center



New nontraditional development: Vintage Oaks



Hybrid: Corte Madera Town Center



Larkspur Landing Housing





Larkspur Landing: benefits of transitorientation

- 25% of Larkspur Ferry ridership comes from walkers, who are likely Larkspur Landing residents
- It's probable that more than half of Larkspur Landing residents use transit (ferry) for their commute
- Just 10% of Marinites at large commute by transit
- These residents walk, so they don't:
 - Emit CO2
 - Use a parking space

505 Miller Avenue, Mill Valley

- Eight homes
- Located above shops and with offices
- Engages the street, blends in with the
 - community
- Walking distance to transit, bike lanes, nature, and downtown



Strawberry Shopping Center

- Five homes
- Located near a transit hub
- Near shopping, of course
- Though in a shopping center, located on a highly walkable part of it



Rotary Manor, San Rafael

- 100 senior homes on a former school site
- Very short distance to transit: Routes 22, 23, 68, and commuter buses
- Very short distance to services in West End



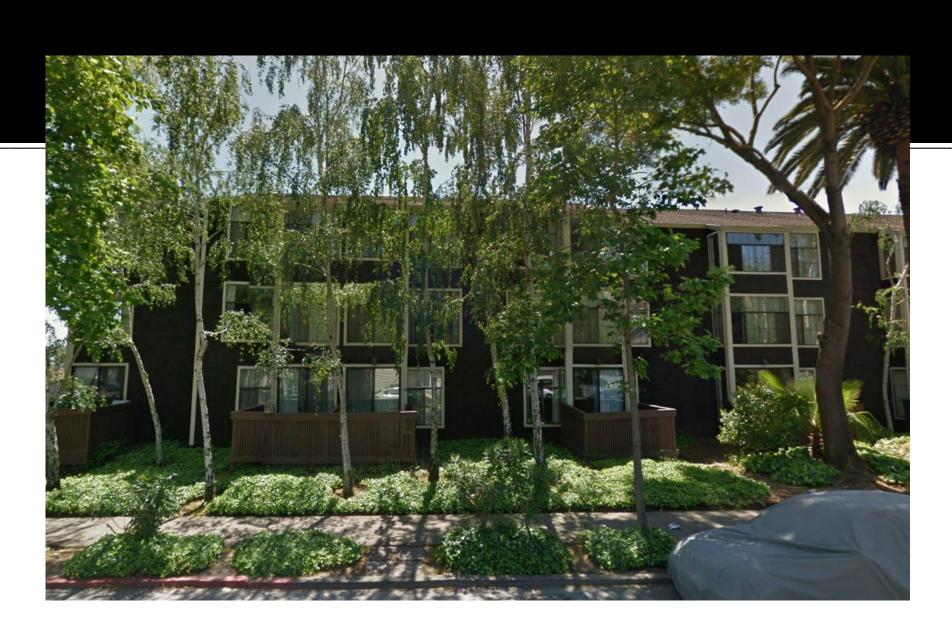
1 H Street, San Rafael

- 38 homes above retail
- 20% of these are affordable

Adaptive reuse of a 1920s-era building

- A café that spills onto the sidewalk
- Near transit,
 West End,
 Downtown
 San Rafael





New style: Rafael Commons

- 84 homes for seniors
- Focuses on a central courtyard for privacy
- Has plenty of outward-facing windows
- Very close to transit and services
- Best of nontraditional still near to sidewalk
- Exterior of the building frames the street

New style: Edgewater, Larkspur

Bicycle-oriented: near an extensive network

of trails

Near bus Route 22

Near some retail and services



When did these work best?

- When they adhered to Marin's best practices of building design:
 - Engage the street, when shops spill out onto the sidewalk and homes present a friendly face to passers-by
 - They've been within walking distance of transit, shops and services
 - When traffic hasn't been too speedy

How do we get the best for Marin's future?

Focus on our history: transit-oriented,

people-focused

Construction
 must be
 compatible with
 our traditions
 and character



Thank you